

BACMAM SYSTEM FOR FRET BASED cAMP SENSOR EXPRESSION IN STUDIES OF G-PROTEIN COUPLED RECEPTORS

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Cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP) is a second messenger of many G-protein coupled receptors (GPCRs) and is thus a useful readout molecule to estimate the biological activity of various GPCR-specific agents.

Here we report the development and use of baculovirus-based BacMam transduction system for expression of a FRET biosensor for cAMP (Epac2-camps) [1,2]. The new viral transduction system is an easy and robust tool for ligand screening at second messenger level in a variety of mammalian cell lines, whereas the level of protein expression is adjustable in a dose-dependent manner depending on the viral multiplicity of infection of cells.

The functional assays were performed on B16F10 murine melanoma cell line endogenously expressing melanocortin-1 receptor (MC₁R). The activation profile of the receptor was characterized by a set of full and partial agonists of MC₁R.

The bivalent ions Ca²⁺ as well as Mg²⁺ modulated potencies of ligands, this effect was ligand and ion-specific.

Table: The effect of bivalent cations on MC₁R activation by its agonists.

Agonist	EDTA treatment, pEC ₅₀ ± S.E.		
	DPBS	1 mM Ca ²⁺	1 mM Mg ²⁺
α-MSH	6.66 ± 0.09	10.05 ± 0.06	8.10 ± 0.07
NDP-α-MSH	8.84 ± 0.08	9.78 ± 0.09	9.58 ± 0.06
MS05	5.53 ± 0.61	8.02 ± 0.09	5.69 ± 0.07
β-MSH	N.D.	8.62 ± 0.09	7.00 ± 0.17
SHU-9119	N.D.	9.05 ± 0.21	7.00 ± 0.39

Cells were transduced with BacMam-Epac2-camps virus for 3 h and further incubated for 21 h in complete growth medium supplemented with 10 mM sodium butyrate. Cells were washed with 1 mM EDTA before the experiment. Chelating agent was removed and cells were assayed in DPBS (with or without 1 mM Ca²⁺ or Mg²⁺) upon 10 min treatment with MC₁R ligand. Responses were measured using Epac2-camp sensor FRET change. pEC₅₀ ± standard error values are calculated from a selected representative experiment measured in duplicates with comparable results obtained from two independent replicate experiments. N.D.: not detectable.

Our results obtained for MC₁R indicate that BacMam-Epac2-camps system may also be applicable for characterization of activation of other GPCRs and can be implemented for routine analysis and high throughput screening ($Z' > 0,6$).

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